

Last Lecture: Class Review & Feedback

Logistics: 1) Homeworks:

- HW10 due today
- last chance to complete HW7
- last chance to submit HW 8-10 Fri 5/1
⇒ do as practice for final

2) Grad project

- due Fri 5/1 midnight
- submit single zip file on Canvas
- 3-5 write up pdf
→ Problem statement: PDE, BC, IC
- Matlab code

3) Final Exam

- in class 9am - 11:30am
- Matlab grader
- Bring LAPTOP! ▽
- Letter sized cheat sheet
- main function calls on the board

Class Review

Aim: 1) Understand how we construct numerical models in Geoscience

- given PDE, BC, IC \rightarrow code

2) Learn good coding practices

- vectorization (no for loops)
- sparsity (spalloc, spdiags)
- compartmentalization (functions)
 \Rightarrow build complex models
- code like you mean it
 \Rightarrow functioning, efficient, useful

3) Discrete operator approach

- recognize all PDE's are built from div, grad & curl

discrete equivalents: $\underline{\underline{D}}$, $\underline{\underline{G}}$, $\underline{\underline{C}}$

- hides details (dimension, geometry)

- Tensor products: 1D - 3D

- Readable code

⇒ solve 'any' PDE problem

Can be extended to:

1) Gradients of vectors

2) Divergence of tensors

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \rho \underline{\underline{g}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \lambda (\nabla \cdot \underline{\underline{v}}) \underline{\underline{I}} + \mu (\nabla \underline{\underline{u}} + \nabla \underline{\underline{v}}^T)$$

⇒ elasticity, viscous flow, Maxwell

3) Non-linear problems

⇒ Newton's method ⇒ Jacobian

operators hide complexity

- Think in linear algebra

Pre requisites:

Computational:

GEO 325 G Computational Applications in Geo

GEO 352 P Python for Geoscience Research

Mathematics:

M 427J Differential Equs & Linear Algebra

M 427L Advanced Calculus for Applications
→ multivariable calculus.